opinion that, should the Army of the Potomac be defeated, Washington would be in danger, and might even be captured. We do not say that General Burnside would be defeated if a contest was to come off at once; but we do say that our military authorities should, when the trial hour comes, have ample forces in the immediate fight, wherever it may occur, and that there should also be a sufficient force held for the defence of Washington, so that, in the event of any disaster to our army under Burnside, this city may still be impregnable.

Many persons, and some editors, have been struck aback by the views we have presented apon the "on to Richmond" policy; but the more we have reflected upon this subject, the more we are satisfied of the soundness of the views expressed by us. It will be seen that the same ideas are entertained in rebel land in regard to the overthrow of Washington, should Lee triumph over Burnside.

All reflecting people, we think, must take the same view, and that very shortly.

THE JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.—This paper publishes our article of Monday, headed "Shall the Army of the Potomac advance?" in its Wednesday's issue, and comments on it as

It wants to know " who can interpret this Inspector General of Maj. Gen. Pope's army, article !" Well, Mr. Journal, we can: so don't

make a mare's nest out of it. Nobody is responsible but ourselves.

The Journal of Commerce does not seem to comprehend how a paper that supports the Administration can say anything without first submitting its editorials to the President and Cabinet.

The Journal of Commerce, and all others, will, then, understand, once for all, that though we support the Administration to the best in our ability, still we entertain opinions of our our and express them as our independent convictions, without consultation with suybody. This may appear strange to our venerable contemporary; but it is never too late to learn.

EDITORIAL SUMMARY.

Some captious persons complain of the President hat he did not discuss every question at length in his message. Mr. Lincoin, fortinaterly, understands his duties in this particular, much better than some of his predecessors; and instead of making political speeches, long harangnes, and dictatorial mandates to Congress, he states in a plain way his vigws of public affairs, and leaves to the heads of Departments the detailed statements which belong each in its proper place. This is wise, and reminds us of the earlier and better days of the Republic.

Sergeant Jacob R. Sythoff, of the Thirtecnth New Jerry regiment, died in the hospital in that prevention, in the state of virginia, on or about the 29th of August, 1862.

Specification 384.—In this that the said Major General Order of the President of the Pres

Papers everywhere are raising their price or reducing their size. This is unavoidable. The ticle of War. sudden and unexpected increase in the price of

LETTER PROM GEN. POPE

GENERAL! With your report pul morning in the Chronicle newspaper, is a dis-patch of mine containing the following para-

This paragraph might seem to imply some reproach upon that gallant corps, but such would be very far from my intention and very unjust. That corps, under its gallant leader, had fought the bloody battle of Cedar Mountain, and had there rendered service which marita the gratitude of the country. But in that severe and hard fought action, Gen. Banks himself was so bad-It will be seen that we are not alone in our ly injured as to be unfit for duty. Generals

fough action, sen. Banks himself was so badly injured as to be unfit for dury. Generals
Angur, Geary, and Carroll had been badly
wounded; nearly all of the field and company
officers, particularly of the Massachusetts regiments, had been killed or wounded, and the
corps was nearly destitute of officers.

After such service as they had rendered, and
the broken condition in which their gallant and
heroic fighting had left them, they should for a
time have been withdrawn from the presence of
the enemy until they could be rested and their
officers replaced. I should have done so at once
but that it was impossible at that time to spare
a man from the from.

In the hurry and brevity of a telegraphic dispaich it was not possible to explain to you why
this corps was really unfit for service.
God forbid that I should be supposed, even
by misconception of my dispatch, to cast even
the implication of reproach upon this gallant
corps and its intrepid leader.

I trust you will make this letter public, in
justice to Gen. Banks and his corps.

I am, General, respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
(Signed)

John Porry, Maj. Gen.
Maj. Gen. H. W. Halleck, General-in-Chief.

COURT-MARTIAL OF GEN. PORTER.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 3, 1862. The court met at 11 o'clock, when, Gen. King being present, an organization took place. Gen. Porter's request for an open trial was

granted. The following charges and specifications ex. though it were some strange thing to find an hibited against Major Gen. Fitz John Porter, of ndependent paper in Washington. Perhaps the Volunteers of the United States Army, by B. S. Roberts, Brig. Gen. U. S. Volunteers and

CHARGE 1st. Violation of the Ninth Article of War.

Sergeant Jacob R. Sylnon.

New Jersey regiment, died in the hospital in the distribution of the original state of the sylnonial states and distribution of the way and the field of hattle, and there to remain during the entire day of Saturday, the 30th of Autority of the sylnonial states and the 29th and 30th days of the control of the sylnonial y and a highly esteemed citizen.

The Star has no opinion to give of the Presilent's Message. We recollect it has never.

August, 1863.

The Star has no opinion to give of the President's Message. We recollect it has never expressed any opinion of the proclamation of Sept. 22d. Our neighbor has not yet concluded which party is to win the day.

We published yesterday an article on the Indian massacre in Minnesota from a competent witness of those horrid barbarities. We give its doday, on our first page, a letter from Commissioner Dole in reference to these matters.

We understand that Senator Wilkinson, of Minnesota, is soon to give to the country his yiews, in a speech in the Senate. 30th of August, 1862. This at or near Manas-sas, in the State of Virginia, on or about the 29th day of August, 1862.

Specification 1st.—In this: that the said Major General Fitz John Porter desires sudden and unexpected increase in the price of paper renders it an imperative necessity. We have not done yet what others are doing, though we are paying double what we paid two and three months ago. It costs more to print a paper in Washington than in almost any other city in the country. We trust our friends will not forget us. We ask only for that parronage which is our legitimate due.

We give in our paper to-day a brief abstract of the report of the Secretary of War, and also of the Secretary of War, and also of the Secretary of War, and also decisive victory and to capture the enemys.

charge) was abandened by the joure advocate and withdrawn, the Government having no testimony to offer to austain it.

The counsel of Major General Porter, on his behalf, submitted the point, that the military (original) commission was convened to investigate charges made by Major General Pope, whilst those exhibited before this court-martial (the military commission having been dis-missed by order of the Government) are charges exhibited by B. S. Roberts, brigadier general United States volunteers, and inspector general of Major General Pope's army, and Ge ter desired the opinion of the court, whether the charges thus exhibited are to be considered. in point of law, as charges exhibited by Gen Pope: as, in that event, the order convening necessary, where one general officer command-ing brings charges against another, the court must be convened by the President.

The court having been cleared to consider this point, on re-opening the doors it was an-nounced that the objection was not sustained, and that the charges were to be regarded as not preferred by Gen. Pope, but by Gen. Ro

Gen. Porter then rose, and plend not guilty any and all of the specifications cited above None of the witnesses being present, the ourt adjourned until this morning, at eleven o'clock, when the taking of testimony will be

THE MeDOWELL COURT OF INQUIRY.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 3, 1862.
The court met at 11 o'clock. Col. R. 8 Goodwin was the only witness examined. He testified to having frequently seen Gen. McD drunk on the streets of Washington.

## OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS.

Annual Report of the Secretary of War. This report is very voluminous, and sets out with the statement that in the ten military departments in which the army is operating, there is, secording to recent official returns, a force of 755,256 officers and privates, fully armed and equipped. Since the date of the returns this number has been increased to over 800,000 men. When the quotae are filled up the force will number a million of men, and the estimates for next year are based upon that number. The military operations in the several departments during the year are hem reviewed at length, and various reports referred to. A review of the whole field of operations shows that whatever disasters the Union army may have suffered at particular points, a great advance has nevertheless been made since the commencement of the war. The report recapitulates the advantages that have been gained during the year, and anticipates active movements at an early day in every direction of the past. The army is complimented for its gailanty, and sorrow expressed for those who have fallen.

The reason assigned for the appointment of provost marshals in the loyal States, the "temporary restraint" of certain persons, and the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus, is the opinion entertained by the Secretary of War that the aid and comfort of dislays a sympathicers constituted the hope of the South of the distain and distraction of the South of the distained and and comfort of dislays a sympathicers, constituted the hope of the South of the distained and and comfort of dislays a sympathicers, requilars, and militia, amounts to 520,660,232.

Legislation is suggested for keeping the old regiments filled up by volunteers.

The sacretary proposes outright to strike down that expre ual Report of the Secretary of War

resources of the country thus occupied."

By these measures it is believed that the rebel-lion will be swiftly suppressed, and they are ac-cordingly urged upon the adoption of Congress.

Annual Report of the Postmaster Gene

The report of the Postmaster General, for the past year, exhibits a healthy financial conditi the Post Office Department. We subjoin an abtract of the main points of the report

stract of the main points of the report.
The gross revenue of the Department for the fiscal year, including the standing Treasury credit for tree mail matter, and a small anamout appropriate for the relief of individuals, was \$5,00,500. The expenditures for the same year amounted to \$11,100,500. The regular postal revenue for is871s only \$20,400 for the facel year 180, during a large part of which year revenue was paid in from all the states of the Union. This fact shows a large increase in the correspondence of the loyal States.

care puch ago.

In the paper in Washington than is almost any other circles. The pering of its artiflery, did receive from Major paper in Washington than is almost any other circles. The pering of its artiflery, did receive from Major paper in Washington than is almost any other circles. The pering of its artiflery, did receive from Major paper in Washington than is almost any other with a contract the canady with a contract the canady with an office of the second of the perind of the second of Second o

## Second Sessio

WEDNESDAY, December 3, 1862.

SENATE.

Mr. HALE offered a resolution, instructing the Secretary of the Navy to inform the Senate whether the provision of the act, passed last seasion, making an appropriation for the purchase of land, dcc., in Portsmouth harbor, has been executed, and if not, why not; and also to inform the Senate if any attempts have been made to negotiate such purchase. Adopted.

On motion of Mr. ANTHONY the Senate proceeded to the election of its atanding committees. The following is the list as elected:

Foreign Relations—Means: Sunner, Foster, Doolittie, Wilmot, Browning, Davis, Wright.

Figure.—Means: Fessenden, Collemer, Sherman, Howe, Cowan, Pearce, McDougall.

Commerce.—Means: Abander, King, Morrill, Wilser, Afairs and the Millie,—Means: Wilson, of Mass. Sing, Lane, of Ind., Rice, Howard, Latan, Nesmith.

Nard Afairs.—Mears: Hale, Grimes, Foot, Sherman, Field, Kennedy, McDougail.

Judiciny—Means: Trumbull, Foster, Tee Eyck,

ham, Nesmith.

Nard Affeir.—Measre, Hale, Grimen, Foot, Sher-nan, Field, Kennedy, McDougall.

Judeisary.—Measra: Trumbull. Foater, Ten Eyek, Barris, Howard, Bayard, Towell.

Foot Office and Fout Bonts.—Measra. Collamer, Bixon, Trumbull. Rice, Latham, Henderson, Wil-

eg.
Fublic Lands.—Mesurs. Harian, Clark, Pomeroy,
Rice, Carlile, Wright, Harding.
Printer Land Claists.—Mesurs. Harris. Sumner,
Mortill, Howard, Bayard.
Indian Affairs.—Mesurs. Doolittle, Wilkinson,
Lane, of Kanasa, Harian, Nesmith, Davis, Wilson.

On motion, the different portions of the Pre-ident's message were referred to the several

Mr. WILKINSON offered a resolution direct-

Mr. WILKINSON offered a resolution directing the Committee on Indian Affairs to report a bill providing for the indemnification of the clitizens of Minnesots who have suffered from the late raids of the Sioux Indians.

Mr. HALE objected to the form of the resolution, which was subsequently modified by Mr. Rice, so that the Committee on Indian Affairs be requested to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill, at the earliest moment, providing for indemnification to the citizens of Minnesots who have suffered losses of property, &c., by the Sioux Indians, in their late attacks upon the settlers of that State. Adopted.

late attacks upon the sensers of the Adopted.

Mr. SAULSBURY offered a resolution tha the Secretary of War be directed to Inform the Senate whether Dr. John Laws and Whiteley Meredith, or either of them, citizens of the State of Delaware, have been arrested and imprisoned, the charges against them, by whom made, by whose orders they were arrested and imprisoned, and that he communicate to the mprisoned, and that he communicate to the senate all papers relating to their arrest and

The present consideration being dojected to, the resolution was laid over.

Mr. LANE, of Indians, offered a resolution that the Committee on Pasents be requested to inquire into the expediency of abolishing the Department of Agriculture, established at the last session, and report by bill or otherwise. Adonted.

Adopted.

Mr. SUMNER offered the following resolu-

Resolved, That the Secretary of War be requested to furnish to the Senate, any information which he may possess with reference to the sale into slavery of colored freemen, captured or setzed by the rebel forces; and to state what steps have been taken to redress this outrage upon human rights.

Mr. 8. read a letter from Prof. Francis. Liebur, characterizing this as a gross innovation of barbarism upon all the laws of war among civilized nations.

The resolution was adopted.

Mr. SUMNER also offered the following resolution:

olution. Resolved, That the Committee on Military Affairs be directed to consider the expediency of providing by law for the extabilishment of a corps composed of meis especially entitled for hospitals and ambutosom and them, who shall have the entire committee of the expedience of the substitution of the

Adopted. Mr. HALE gave notice that he should introequalizing the grades of line officers in the

On motion of Mr. SUMNER, the Senate went

The SPEAKER proceeded to call, in regular rder, on the committees for reports. No re-

ports were made.

Then on the States for resolutions.

Mr. CALVERT moved that the Committee on Patents be directed to inform the House what amount of the agricultural fund has been expended from the 1st of January, 1892, until the time when the fund and books were transferred to the Committee on Agriculture, appecifying the items of public expenditure; and also if any accounts are to be paid into the fund, not claimed, what amount, and to whom due, and for what purpose.

claimed, what amount, such a consistency what the Agricultural Committee be requested to inform the House what amount of the agricultural found has been expended under its direction up to this time, specifying the amount; and if there be any outstanding accounts unpuls, and, if so, to what amount, and on whose account.

on whose account.

Mr. HOLMAN moved that the Committee on Mr. HOLMAN moved that the Committee on Military Affairs be instructed to report a bill, so amending the 5th section of the act au-thorizing the employment of volunteers to aid in enforcing the law and protecting the public property, approved July, 1951, as to allow vol-unteers who have been or shall be honorably discharged on account of wounds, or disabili-ties arising from actual service, such propor-tion of the bounty of \$200 as shall be appro-oriate to the time of actual service.

Mr. STEVENS moved to lay the resolution on the table.

Mr. LOVEJOY moved to amend the resolution, so as to make it read: that the committee
the directed to inquire into the expediency of
reporting a bill, &c. If this was done, the
Honse would willingly let the matter go before

Mr. OLIN said, if any objection existed to Mr. OLIN said, if any objection existed to the resolution, it arcse from a knowledge of the state of the finances of the Government and the ability of the country to meet the demands upon it. The question was, whether the matter should be referred to the Committee of Ways and Means in preference to the Committee on Military Affairs. He did not think the country was in a position to adopt such a resolution, particularly as all the volunteers have been paid bounties to an amount never paid to military volunteers before.

Mr. HOLMAN, in reply, said that the matter was so manifestly right that the committee

dopted. The House then adjourned.

PUBLISHERS.—The Commissioner of Interns Revenue has made the following decision in

Publishers of printed books, magazines. amphicts, newspapers, reviews, and all other milar publications, are liable to assessmen is dealers. 
If the sales of a publisher are to those who

buy to sell again, or if this part of his business is considerable, so that he procures stock and arranges his business with reference to such sales, he should be classed as a wholesale dealer, even though a portion of his sales is to those who buy for their own use. Decision relating to the business of job print-

ers, lithographers, and engravers : The articles produced by job printers, lith

graphers, and engravers, which are made upon specific orders not known as articles of comnerce, are exempt from duty as manufacturer printers, engravers, and lithographer whose business is confined to the produc articles covered by the foregoing rule of ex-

RETURN OF A POPULAR ACTRESS. -- MISS LOTTY Hough, the celebrated comedienne, has returned from a highly successful European engagement, and is now in this city. Miss Hough, it is well known, was the attraction at Laura Keene's New York Theatre a few seasons ago, and afterwards performed a successful engagement in this city, where she won great popularity. Some of our energetic managers would do well to secure her services for a few weeks.

VARIETIES .- This popular place of an ment opened last evening. It is truly what its name purports, varieties. Where all was so good it is difficult to particularize. We can only say in this connection that this place of popular amusement bids fair to be, of its kind, ne of the first places in Washington when dull care may be dismissed.

Indian Afairs—Messrs. Doolittle, Wilkinson, Lane, of Ransas, Markin, Nesmith, Davis, Wilson, Pensions. Messrs. Foster, Lane, of Ind., Howe, Wilmot. Pomeroy, Saulabury, Willey.
Revolutionary Cleims.—Messrs. King, Chandler, Wilkinson, Hale, Nesmith.
Cleims.—Messrs. Cark. Howe, Wilmot, Fomeroy, Field, Arnold, Latham.
District of Colembia.—Messrs. Grimes, Dixon, Morrill, Wade, Anthony, Kennedy, Henderson.
Falente and the Paiest Office.—Messrs. Cowan, Sumner, Harris. Field, Saulabury,
Fubble Ruddings and Grounds.—Messrs. Foot, Anthony, Chandler, Kennedy, Henderson.
Terriforie—Messrs. Wade, Wilkinson, Hale, Browning, Lane, of Ransas, Carille, Wilkinson, of Morto Andia and Control the Contingent Expenses of Sande.—Messrs. Dixon, Clark, Harding.
Expressed Rille—Messrs. Lane, of ind. Arnold, Harding.
On motion, the different portions of the Pre-

and the Fitz John Porter courts.

His immediate friends are desirous that no

demonstration should attend his arrival here.

MILITARY APPOINTMENT.-Raiston Skinner Esq., of Cincinnati, Ohio, late in the Second Comptroller's office, in the Treasury Department, has been appointed judge advocate on the staff of Gen. Rosecrans, and has left for the scene of his duties. NAVAL .- Acting Master's-mate George R.

Clifford, of the steamer Houghlin, having been reported to the Navy Department absent without permission, has been dropped from the ser

for major generals, Brigadier Generals Slocum, officers of different grades for brigadier gen-

Gen. Pope and family, U. S. A., are at Wil

THE BRINSMADE CASE.—Mr. Kennely Censured.—The police commissioners of New York on Monday made their decision in the case of Superintendent Kennedy, charged with Improper conduct in connection with the arrest and imprisonment of Mrs. Brinsmade. They find that she was arrested and detained in custody by Provost Marshal Baker, in Washington, and by his order brought to New York, with the request that she should be detained fill transportation to New Orleans could be provided for her. After reciting other facts developed by the trial, the superintendent is censured for the detention of Mrs. Brinsmade without warrant or order in writing by competent authority; for omitting to make application to the War Department for instructions in respect to Mrs. Brinsmade, and for using the station-house for an unusual purpose without the consent of the board. A final resolution station-house for an unusual purpose the consent of the board. A final rethe consent of the board. A final resolution declares that the superintendent, by his earnest zeal, his fidelity, and the ability he has shown in the discharge of his arduous duties, has the entire confidence of the board of police.—N. Y. Tribune.

OFFICIAL.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Washington, January 25, 1862. The Secretary of State will bereafter receive members of Congress on business on Saturdays, commencing with Saturday, the first of next

WILLIAM H. SEWARD.

PASSES ON THE POTOMAC.

On and after the 12th instant day of September, passes will be required from all vessels, boats, &c., navigating the Potomac river. These will be issued by the Commanding Officer of the Flotilia, and may be obtained from the naval vessels sta-tioned at Airxandria, or at the mouth of the river. GIDEON WELLES, Secretary of the Navy.

September 11, 1862,

WILL BE OPENED TO-DAY, THE PEOPLE'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY, 132 Seventh street, near E, (east vide,) WASHINGTON, D. C.

Terms of subscription: OF cents.

One month, i vol. OF cents.

As 2 do 2 5 cents.

One week, i cents.

Less than 0 v days, 5 cents.

dec 4-10 CAME INTO MY PONNESSION, on or white foot; about the 1sth of Nov., a Bay Horse, with one white foot; about 80 r to years old. The owner will come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

SAMUEL CASSIDY.

samuel Cassidy, dec 4-3t\* Cor. H at. north and Delaware av.

dee 1—31. Cor. H. st. north and Delaware av.

2 \*\*Notice.—There will be an adjourned meeting of the Convention composed of delegates from the several churches and associations of color in the District, held in Union Bethel A. M. E. Church, Thursday evening, the 4th instant, at 7 o'clock. Business of great importance to the general welfare of the colored people will be laid before the Convenium for its concleteration.

All the colored churches, societies, and associations, who have not been represented in the former meetings of the Cunvention, are hereby requested to send five delegates each, with their proper credentials, at the time and place above specified.

The public general convention, are before the proper credentials, at the function of the convention.

By order of the Convention.

JAMES L. THOMAS, Secretary.

F Weston's Progress of Slavery.—Copies of this work are for sale at the office of the National Republican. Famphiet edition, 25 cents. Bound edition, 75 cents.

BY TELEGRAPH,

ATTACK BY THE REBELS.

ORDER FROM GENERAL BURNSIDE. THE REBELS LACK SUPPLIES.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET. EUROPEAN NEWS.

THE ENGLISH PRESS ON AMERICAN AFFAIRS.

THE ALABAMA HEARD FROM

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, December 3, 1862.

At 3 o'clock yesterday morning parts of two companies, numbering in all sixty men, be-longing to the Eighth Pennsylvania cavalry, under command of Captain Wilson, who were stationed at King George Court House, were st-tacked by about three hundred rebels, who crossed the Rappahannock in small bosts. They crossed at a point some distance this side of the Court House, thus getting in between this mmand and the main body of the cavalry. Forty out of the sixty made their escape, and there is reason to believe that more of the

Capt. Wilson is among the missing. How nany rebels were killed and wounded is no

The enemy left three dead. Citizens living in King George county, and who had applied for guards to protest their property, were known to be among the attacking party. They doubt! less gave the information which led to the at-

The following order was issued to-day by General Burnside. All others who may be guilty of such gross neglect of duty will thus be promptly dealt with, without reference to

Headquarters army of the Potomac,
Camp near Falmouth, Dec. 2, 1862.
General Orders, No. 190.—Captain George
Johnston, Third Pennsylvanis cavalry, while
in charge of a cavairy picket, on the 28th of
November, having by his negligence, after repeated warnings from his commanding officer,
permitted his party to be surprised by the ene
my and himself and a number of his officers
and men to be captured, is, subject to the approval of the President of the United States,
dismissed the service for diagraceful and unofficer-like conduct. The commanding general hopes and believes that a lack of discipline
in the regiment and brigade to which this officer belonged did not warrant him in so gross a
neglect of duty.

Lewis Richmond, A. A. Gen.

A flag of truce was sent over the river this
morning for the purpose of conveying two

morning for the purpose of conveying two daughters of Dr. Sylvester Couway, of Freder-

daily. They represent their army as being very estitute, particularly in clothing. No meat has been issued since they left Maryland Last week an order was issued by Gen. Lee that such soldiers as were without shoes make mo casins from the raw hides; otherwise, do dut

CAPE RACE, Dec. 3.—The steamship China from Liverpool, on the 22d of November, passe here on Monday afternoon.

The United States frigate Saratoga arrived a Lisbon on the 17th ultir

ishon on the 17th ultimo.

The intelligence of the removal of Gen. Mc-Clellan from the command of the army of the curities. The London Times says this is the first effect

of the elections on President Lincoln; Mc-Clellan is sacrificed to political jealousy and Renate all papers relating to their arrest and pressure and proposed to the violent acts of the resolution was laid over.

Mr. LANE, of Indiana, offered a resolution

Mr. LANE, of Indiana, offered a resolution was a surface to pointent pleatousy and a legislation of their kindness, and adding the a surrance of pointent pleatousy and appreciation of their kindness, and adding the a surrance of the most of their kindness, and adding the a surrance of the most of their kindness, and adding the a surrance of the most of their kindness, and adding the a surrance of the most of their kindness, and adding the a surrance of the most of their kindness, and adding the a surrance of the most of their kindness, and adding the a surrance of the most of the party in power; he being known to be a lower this means of signifying he conservative and opposed to the violent acts of the surrance of the most of their kindness, and adding the a surrance of the most of the party in power; he being known to be a lower this means of signifying he conservative and opposed to the violent acts of the most of the party in power; he being known to be a lower this means of signifying he conservative and opposed to the violent acts of the conservative and opposed to the violent acts of the surrance of the most of the party in power; he being known to be a lower this means of signifying he conservative and opposed to the violent acts of the conservative and opposed to the violent acts of the conservative and opposed to the violent acts of the conservative and opposed to the violent acts of the conservative and opposed to the violent acts of the conservative and opposed to the violent acts of the conservative and opposed to the violent acts of the conservative and opposed to the violent acts of the conservative and opposed to the violent acts of the conservative and opposed to the violent act tive martyr.

The Army and Navy Gazette regards the re-The Army and Navy Gazette regards the removal of McClellan as a defiance of the Government of the Democrats, and a humiliation of President Lincolu. "No moment," it says, "has been more favorable for bold Confederate movements than now." It questions Burnside's ability for the appointment.

The text of the Russian note refusing the French proposition of mediation fully bears out the telegraphic summary.

There are vague rumors that France has sent another note to England, in response to Lord Russell's reply.

another note to England, in response to Lord Russell's reply.

The Liverpool Post explains that the "200" recently launched is not for the Confederates, but for the China trade.

The sale of sundry fast-sailing coasting steam-ers, for the purpose of running the blockade, is reported.

ers, for the purpose of running the blockade, is reported.

A steamer, name unknown, recently left the Mersey with six hundred tons of arms, etc., for the Confederates.

The Times and Post reply to Secretary Seward's reflections on the case of the Alabama, and emphatically deny there are any grounds for the Federals to complain in the matter, where they reaped the greatest benefits.

Garbhald, in a letter to W. Conneil Jewell, pledges himself strongly in favor of the North

piedges himself strongly in favor of as an opponent of slavery. He go abelition of slavery before any conabolition of slavery before any constitutional question.

The continental news is important. The Times again expatiates on the probable effect of the Democratic success in the recent elections. It says no sudden change in the Federal policy can be anticipated, but it is enough at present to know the worst of Fresident Lincoln's measures have been condemned, and will probably be abandomed.

The Morsing Herald regards McCleilan's removal as a terrible mistake of Fresident Lincoln, both in a military and political point.

They are an antidote to change of water and diet fleely overcome effects of dissipstion and latter than the property of the stomaction, both in a military and political point.

coln, both in a military and political point of

view.
The Saturday Review thinks that Napoleon The Saturday Review thinks that Napoleon has movements on foot which do not appear on the surface of his mediation scheme, and says the express mention of the name of "Confederate States," which they selected for themselves, virtually involves recognition, and the proposal of an armistice implies an opinion which may shortly be altered into language more intelligible than words. It hints at a probable alliance with the Southern States in connection with the Emperor's designs upon Mexico.

LATEST VIA QUEENSTOWN. ATHERS, Nov. 92.—The elections will com-mence on the 6th and will terminate on the 10th of December. There is great probability of the election of Prince Alfred to the throne of Greece. This causes excitement among for-sign ministers. The country is tranquil.

Bosros, Dec. 3 .- The bark Mary, at Queens

town on the 19th, from Falmouth, spoke, Oct. 13, in lat. 41, lon. 69 30, the rebel steamer Ala NEW YORK, Dec. 3 .- Stocks went up higher to-day, under the rumor that the Secretary of

the Treasury will recommend an additional saus of paper currency. FROM HOLLY SPRINGS.

THE ENEMY ON THE RETREAT.

Chicago, Dec. 3.—A dispatch received here from Holly Springs, Miss., states that the robels evacuated Tallahatchic on the 1st inst. McArthur's division occupied the forts there hast night. There was no fighting, consequently the rebels are believed to be in full retreat.

The telegraph is working to Wyatt, Miss., on the Tallahatchic river.

PROM SUPPOLK water, takes the Celeb Battery and a Number

quarters of the army:

Fontures Morgon, Dec. 2.—Major General
H. W. Helleck, General-in-chieft. An expedition
sent out from Suffolk, yesterday, by Major
General Peck, captured the celebrated Fittsburg
battery which was taken from our army, and
drove the enemy across the Bischwater at Franklin. We have thirty-odd prisoners, and are
picking up more on the roads. Many of the
enemy killed and wounded. Our loss trifling.

JOKA A. Dix, Major General.

FROM PORTRESS MONROE. Southern Items.

FORTHESS MONROE, Dec. 2.—There is no news to transmit from this point.

Southern papers contain the following items. Wilkington, N. C., Nov. 35.—A dispatch to the Daily Journal from Fort Pielser, this morning, says that all is quiet below. The Pocotailing and Uncle Ben went to see asfety last night. General D. R. Jones, of the rebot army, is it Richmond sick, and with but slight hopes of recover.

Richmond sick, and with but slight hopes of recovery.

"A Confederate States Navy is now the leading idea among the most sagacious minds of the South."

"The steamer Kelbia was run into and sunk off the Bahamas. She was built in Scotland for running the blockade."

The Charleston (S. C.) Courier of the 25th

ult. says: The enemy have from ten to fifteen
wooden vessels lying in sight of this city,
where they have been allowed to lie for months. where they have b

finished!

The Raleigh (N. C.) Dully Progress of Nov. 27th says that Major General G. A. Smith is in Petersburg, and in command of a force sufficient to protect the approach to Richmond in that direction.

distress in England—Reported Misunder-standing Between France and Eng-land. Portland, Dec. 3.—The steamer Hibernia has arrived. Her news has mostly been received sta Cape Race, but the papers received by her contain some interesting details.

There is increasing districts in the cotton manufacturing districts of England, and it is attracting more attention from the Government.

The accounts from Garibaldi are cheering to his friends.

Political offenders and returned Hungarian

ls friends.
Political offenders and returned Hungarian

Austria.

The steamers Saxonia and Hanson would take out a large quantity of arms for New York.

The British Auti-slavery Society has issued an address to call for sympathy with the emancipation of the North.

an address to call for sympathy with the emancipation of the North.

The Spanish papers hint that Mexico is destined to become a French Canada.

It is reported that there is much disappointment in France at the course of Russia in regard to intervention.

The Loudon Hersid says that the relations of
France and England have assumed an unsatisfactory character. English cabinet councils
have become frequent.

The elections in America are the theme of
general comment in England. The prevailing
impression is that the Democratic successes
are a step towards peace.

are a step towards peace.
It is rumored that an attempt had been made on the life of the Emperor Napoleon.

are a step town

SPECIAL NOTICES. LT MISS LUCILLE WESTERN court

The Miss LUCILLE WRSTERN courtesously announces to the theatrical public of Washington that her lengthy engagement of six weeks at Grover's Theatre—

An engagement which has been equally gratifying to her personal pride and to her professional aubition, will certainly close on Saturday Evening mext, Dec. 6,

On which occasion she will hid adien to a public, whose hearty kindless and liberal patronage has possessed her memory of many of its fondest and happiest professional remembrances.

To those of her friends who have signified to help their intention of making her the recipient of a Complimentary Benedit on Friday, Dec. 5,

Miss Western

Begs to be allowed this means of signifying her

MAIGHT'S TEMPLAR.—The member washington Commandery No. 1 will meet a lear Asylum, correst of Ninth and D streets, at clock to day, (THURIDAY) to attend the funer-Sit H. N. Steele. By order of the E. Commander : DANIEL BUCK.

Bt MASONIC.—A special communication of Columbia Royal Arch Chapter No. 15, will beheld a Central Masonic Hall, at 1 o'clock this p. m., for the purpose of attending the functal of our late companion, P. High Priest H. N. Steele. Companion are conditionally are fraternally invited to at

s. JOHN THOMSON, By order of the M. E. H. P.

W. Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons of the District, will be held this (TH OLBEDA') evening, at 1½ o'clock, for the purpose paying the last tribute of respect to the memory of our deceased brother, Horatio N. Steele, W. G., Vis. and Secretary. Punctual attendance is requested. dance is requested. WM. MORRIS SMITH,

ROW THURSDAY) p. m. The funeral Brother H. N. STELLE will be solemnized TO-M ROW (THURSDAY) p. m. The Graft will asse ble at their Hall, corner of Ninth and D streets,

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS

ours.
They atreagthen the system and enliven the mind
They prevent missmatic and intermittent fevors.
They purify the breathand acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspesia and Constipation.
They cure Distribus, Cholera, and Cholera Mor-

They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Head They are the best litters in the world. They make the weak man strong, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are made of pure St. Croix Rum, the celescated Calisary Bark, roots and many strong and the strong strong without regard to age or time of day. Particularly recommended to delicate person requiring a gentle attuitant. Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels, and Saloons. P. H. DRAKE & CO., 202 Broadway, New York.

L' Batchelor's Hair Dye...The Best in the World...William A. Batchelor's celebrated Hair Dye produces a color not to be distinguished from nature; warranted not to injure Mair in the least; remedies the ill-effects of bad dyes, and invigorates the Hair for life. GREY, RED, or RUST-HAIR instantly turns a splendid Hack or Brown, leaving the hair soft and beautiful. Soil by all Druggists, &c.

1.7 The genuine is signed WM. A. BATCHELOR, on the four sides of each box.
Factory, No. 81 Harolay street, (Late 233 Brusdway and 19 Bond,) New York.

13 The Great Pennsylvania Route. The quickest and safest route to the Northwest and Southwest. Two through trains daily, and one on Sunday. Soldiers' tickets as Government rates to all the principal points in the North and West Fortickets and further information apply at the oi-fee of the "Great Pennsylvania Route," northeast corner Pennsylvania avenue and Sixth street, un-der National Hotel. Office open from 7 s. m. to 6 p. m.; on Sundays 7 to 4 p. m. E. O. NORTON. E. O. NORTON,

aug 8-1y EF Special Notice.—On and after Tuesia, April 1, 1982, the trains on the Baltimore and Ohio Baltroad will commence running daily, (Sundays excepted.) leaving this Station at 7.40 s. m. and connecting at Washington Junction with Mail Train for all parts of the West via Wheeling of Parkersburg. Through thesets and and baggage checked.

M. of Transportation 2 & O. R. R.

M. of Transportation